# Web Privacy and Adobe Local Shared Objects

(and other things you should know)

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#### These slides are obsolete

- This is the presentation included on the Defcon 16 CD.
- Check the Defcon web site for the latest version of this talk.

## This Talk Isn't About Anything New

According to <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Local\_Shared\_Object">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Local\_Shared\_Object</a>:

"Flash Player [...] does not ask the user's permission to store data permanently. This may constitute a collection of cookie-like data that may include not only user-tracking information but any personal data that the user has entered in any Flash-enabled application"

#### Public Service Announcement

- Things you should know but probably don't.
- How do I manage LSOs?
- What else should I do differently?

#### HTTP Cookies Are Well Understood

It's 2008, everyone knows about "cookies".

#### **IETF** standards:

- HTTP/1.1 : RFC 2616
- HTTP Cookies: RFC 2109

Let's take a look at that...

#### Web Browser Sends This...

GET http://www.google.com/ HTTP/1.1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10\_5\_3; en-us) AppleWebKit/525.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/3.1.1 Safari/525.20

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Accept: text/xml,application/xml,application/xhtml+xml,text/html;q=0.9,text/plain;q=0.8,image/png,\*/\*;q=0.5

Accept-Language: en-us

Host: www.google.com

Connection: close

## Web Server Replies With This...

HTTP/1.0 200 OK

Cache-Control: private, max-age=0

Date: Thu, 26 Jun 2008 04:18:25 GMT

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Set-Cookie: PREF=ID=a2bce[...] ← keep this in mind for next slide

domain=.google.com

Content-Encoding: gzip

Server: gws

Content-Length: 2654

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#### Web Browser Subsequently Sends This...

GET http://www.google.com/favicon.ico HTTP/1.1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10\_5\_3; en-us) AppleWebKit/525.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/3.1.1 Safari/525.20

Referer: http://www.google.com/

Accept: \*/\*

Accept-Language: en-us

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

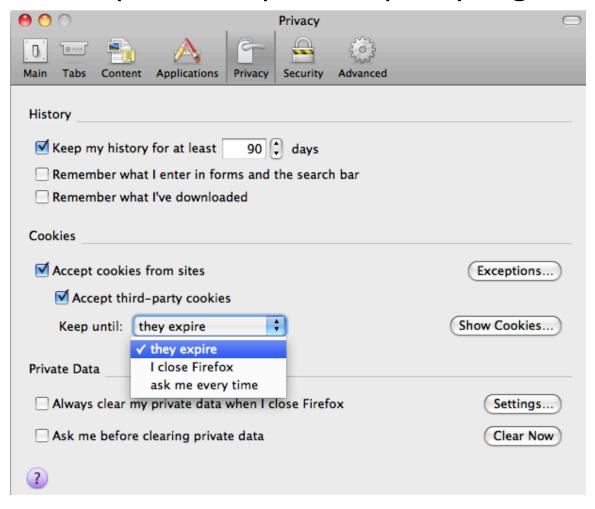
Cookie: PREF=ID=a2bce[...] ← value that server gave us in previous slide

Host: www.google.com

Connection: close

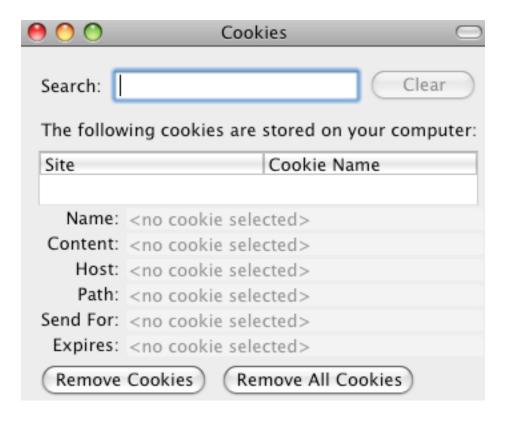
## Browsers Let You Manage Cookies

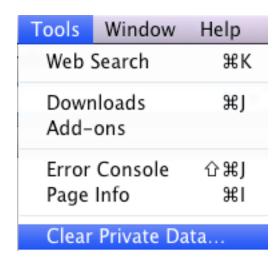
Set cookie acceptance/expiration policy. E.g., Firefox 3:



## Browsers Let You Manage Cookies

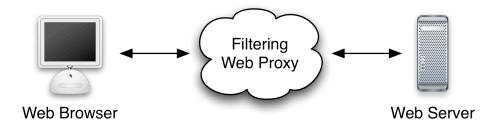
Clear all private data upon demand:





#### Web Proxies Can Filter HTTP Cookies

Privoxy is a filtering web proxy.



Flexible filtering rules, cookies included.

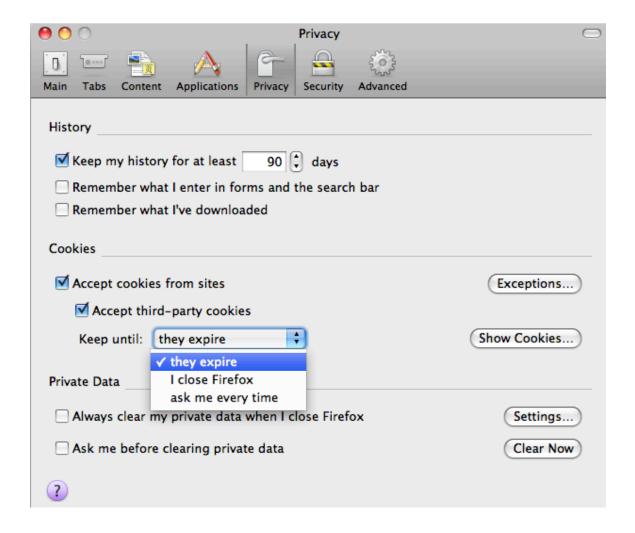
Strip out cookies, allow cookies for certain sites.

See also: http://privoxy.org

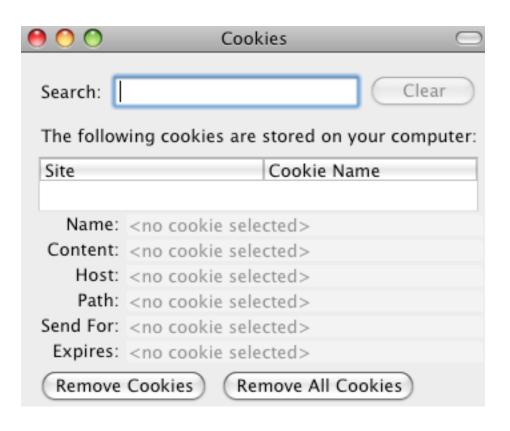
## Adobe's Alternate Cookie System

- Adobe Flash uses Local Shared Objects to keep persistent session state, similar to HTTP cookies.
- Most all browsers include the Adobe Flash plug-in.
- LSOs are not cleared when you clear your HTTP Cookies.
- Web browsers don't know how to manage them.
- By default, they're there until you explicitly clear them.

#### This Doesn't Affect Adobe LSOs



## This Doesn't Manage LSO Either



Tools	Window	Help
Web Search		ЖK
Downloads Add-ons		ЖJ
Error Console		ΔЖJ
Page Info		жі
Clear Private Data		

## Companies Are Exploiting This

## Company Bypasses Cookie-Deleting Consumers InformationWeek article by Antone Gonsalves, 3/31/05

"United Virtualities is offering online marketers and publishers technology that attempts to undermine the growing trend among consumers to delete cookies planted in their computers. The New York company on Thursday unveiled what it calls PIE, or persistent identification element, a technology that's uploaded to a browser and restores deleted cookies. In addition, PIE, which can't be easily removed, can also act as a cookie backup, since it contains the same information."

http://www.informationweek.com/news/security/privacy/showArticle.jhtml? articleID=160400801

#### How Do I Fix This?

- You actually can manage LSOs.
- Adobe's web site describes how:

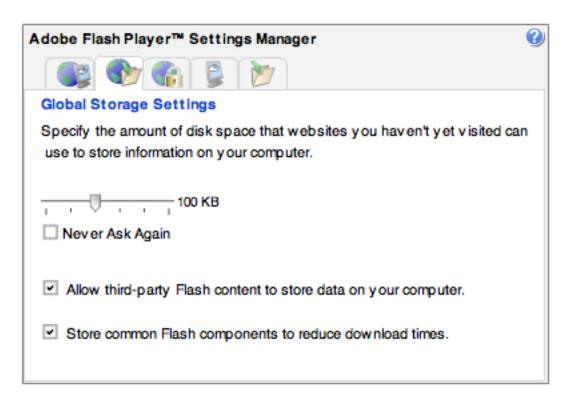
http://www.macromedia.com/support/ documentation/en/flashplayer/help/ settings\_manager.html

• In particular...

## Setting LSO Acceptance Policy

#### Visit this URL, which has a flash app:

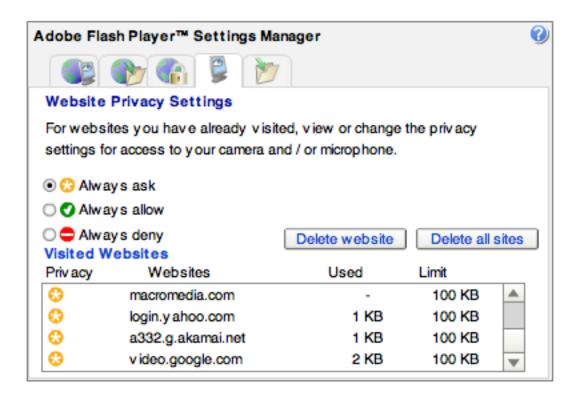
http://www.macromedia.com/support/documentation/en/flashplayer/help/settings\_manager03.html



## Clearing LSOs

#### Manually delete LSOs by visiting this URL:

http://www.macromedia.com/support/documentation/en/flashplayer/help/settings\_manager06.html



## Not Easy To Filter LSOs

- LSOs are stored by Flash browser plug-in.
- Protocol format between plug-in application and server is proprietary.
- Let's take a look.

## Logging In With A Flash App

```
POST http://[...]/xmlrpc/[...] HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10 5 3; en-us) AppleWebKit/
   525.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/3.1.1 Safari/525.20
Content-Type: text/xml
Referer: http://[...]/
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-us
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Cookie: [...]
Content-Length: 480
Host: [...]
Connection: close
```

aeab4a7053[...] ← proprietary encoding, may contain LSO data

#### Response From Server

HTTP/1.0 200 OK

Date: Fri, 27 Jun 2008 02:49:05 GMT

Server: Jetty/5.1.14 (Linux/2.6.18-6-amd64 amd64 java/1.5.0\_14)

Content-Type: text/xml

Content-Length: 7164

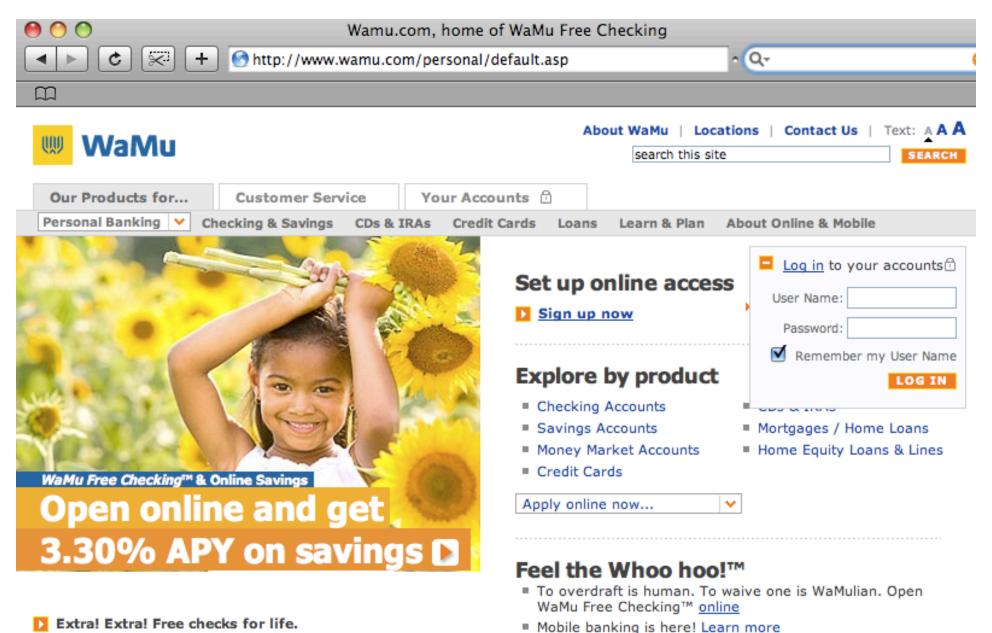
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> [...]

 Proprietary content; not easy to filter. There isn't a clean, clear "Cookie" header that Privoxy can look for.

#### Other Public Service Announcements

Okay, I can manage Adobe LSOs. What else should I watch out for?

## What's wrong here? (As of June 2008)



Onen WaMu Free Checking™ online

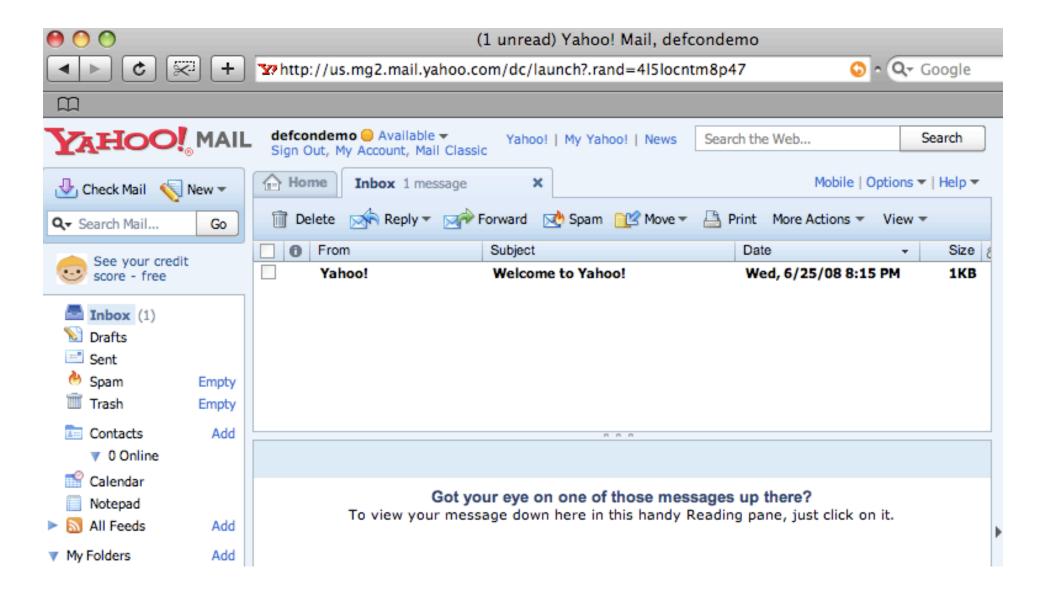
#### Hint

```
From <a href="http://www.wamu.com/personal/default.asp">http://www.wamu.com/personal/default.asp</a> :
<form action="https://online.wamu.com/[...]"</pre>
  method="post" >
  <input class="usernamefield" type="text" [...]>
   <input class="passwordfield" type="password" [...] >
</form>
```

## Login Pages Need SSL Too!

- HTML Form submits to HTTPS URL, but...
- Getting the login page over HTTP (not HTTPS)
  doesn't guarantee anything about the
  integrity of the login page.
- It could have been:
- <form action="https://IllegalHackerSite.com/ [...]" method="post" >
- See also: "Critical Mistake #1: Non-HTTPS Login page" http://blogs.msdn.com/ie/archive/2005/04/20/410240.aspx

#### What's Wrong With This? (June 2008)



#### HTTP Cookie Sent Without Encryption

- On private trusted networks, that's not a big deal.
- But on public Wi-Fi networks, everyone can see it and impersonate you!

#### See also:

- Robert Graham's talk at BlackHat 2007, "Web 2.0 Hijacking".
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sidejacking

## Suggested Fix

For Google Mail:

use <a href="https://gmail.google.com">https://gmail.google.com</a>

not <a href="http://gmail.google.com">http://gmail.google.com</a>

Your entire session will be SSL encrypted after login.

Yahoo, Hotmail: No known solution (that I know of). Email me if you know a solution for this.

## Summary

- Manage your Flash LSO settings.
- Don't use a login page if the URL is "http" instead of "https".
- Use email services that offer SSL for all traffic.